

Quantum Computing Study of the Speed of Quantum Evolution in the Ising Model in a Longitudinal Magnetic Field

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The speed of quantum state evolution is a fundamental characteristic of quantum dynamics. As shown in [1], for pure quantum states, it is directly governed by energy fluctuations. In the present work, we examine the speed of quantum evolution in a spin system described by the Ising model and subjected to a longitudinal magnetic field. We perform analytical derivations and quantum computing using AerSimulator. The quantum programming of the speed of quantum evolution employs two distinct approaches: the estimation of the expectation value of the evolution operator for short times and the direct measurement of Pauli correlators [2]. The results of the quantum computations are in agreement with the theoretical results. We also show that the quantum states evolved in spin systems described by the Ising model in a magnetic field can be treated as quantum graph states representing vertex- and edge-weighted graphs. We establish relations between the speed of quantum evolution and the structural properties of the graph.

[1] A. Shimony, Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci. 755, 675-679 (1995). doi: 10.1111/j.1749-6632.1995.tb39008.x .

[2] Kachmar, M., and Kh Gnatenko. (2025). Visnyk Lviv Univ., Ser. Phys. 62, 67–74 (2025). doi: 10.30970/vph.62.2025.67

Primary authors: KACHMAR, Markiiian (Professor Ivan Vakarchuk Department for Theoretical Physics, Ivan Franko National University of Lviv); GNATENKO, Khrystyna (Ivan Franko National University of Lviv)

Presenter: KACHMAR, Markiiian (Professor Ivan Vakarchuk Department for Theoretical Physics, Ivan Franko National University of Lviv)

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